

Water Arabia 2011

February 2, 2011

## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> EcoWash<sup>™</sup> System



Agenda



- Basic DynaFilter Operation
- EcoWash Improvements
- Operator Benefits
- Dollars and Sense
- Case Study

## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup>

#### **Basic Operation**



- Continuous backwash
- Up flow
- Deep bed
- Self-cleaning
- Granular media filter
- 30 years experience

Parks

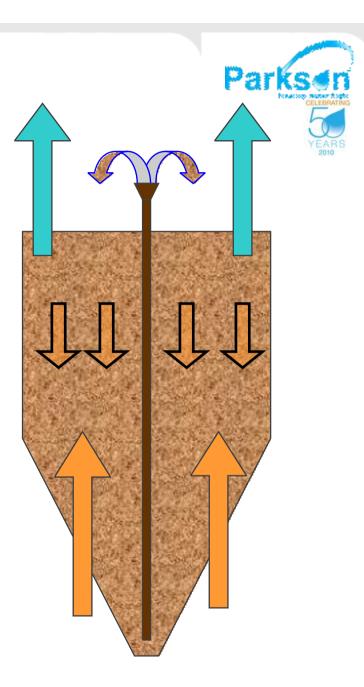
## Where to use the DynaFilter?



- Tertiary filtration of secondary clarifier effluent
- Reuse Quality Water
  - California Title 22 regulates the quality for water reuse plants
  - Requires a filtrate quality of 2 NTU
  - NTU measure of turbidity units, or how light is scattered in a sample. More accurate measure of solids below 5 mg/L and capable of online measurement.
- Phosphorus Removal Continuous Contact Filtration
- Denitrification

## How does the DynaFilter work?

- Upflow Design Filtrate leaves the media from the top.
- Air lift pumps media to Washer at top of filter & provides constant air scour.
- Countercurrent flow means feed water is always in contact with clean sand.
- Very forgiving to process upsets.

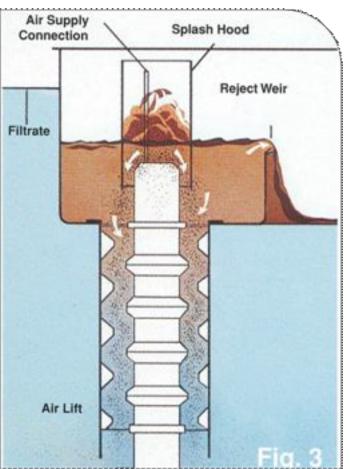


## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> Components



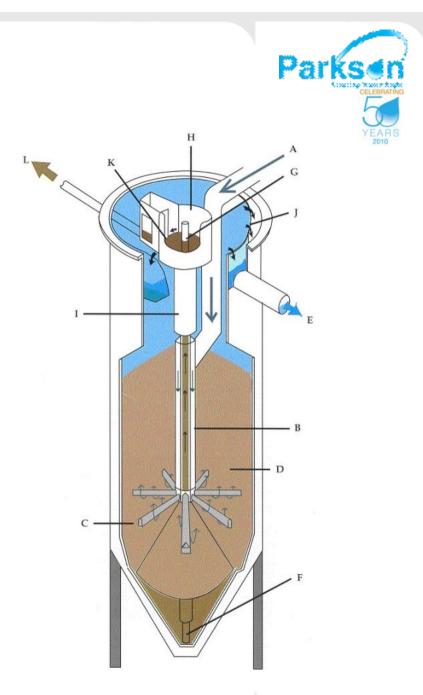
Airlift & Washer

- Heavier sand is washed and lighter floc is rejected
- Filtered water used for backwash
- Hydraulic differential creates barrier
- Average reject = 5%



## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> Components

- A- Feed
- B- Feed assembly
- C- Distribution
- D- Sand bed
- E- Filtrate
- F- Airlift pump
- G- Airlift discharge
- H- Reject compartment
- I- Washer section
- J- Filtrate weir
- K- Reject weir
- L- Reject line

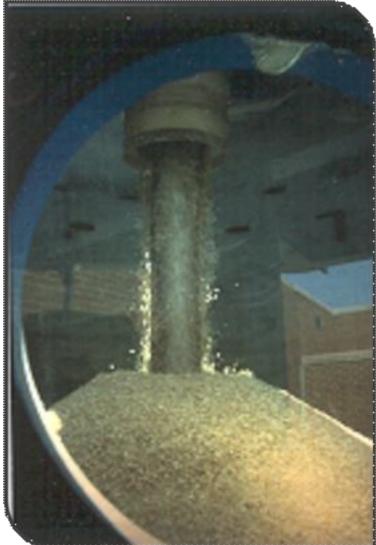


# What does the DynaFilter look like when operating?





Solids confined and exiting with rejectCleaned sand is returned to top of bed



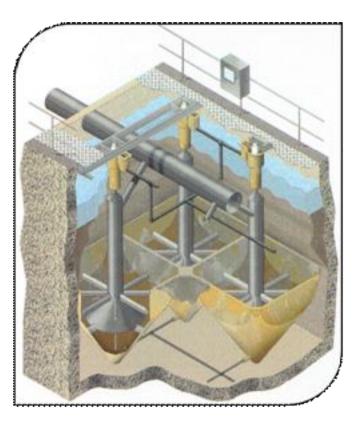
## **Different Designs**

Packaged Units





Concrete Units



## Key Benefits

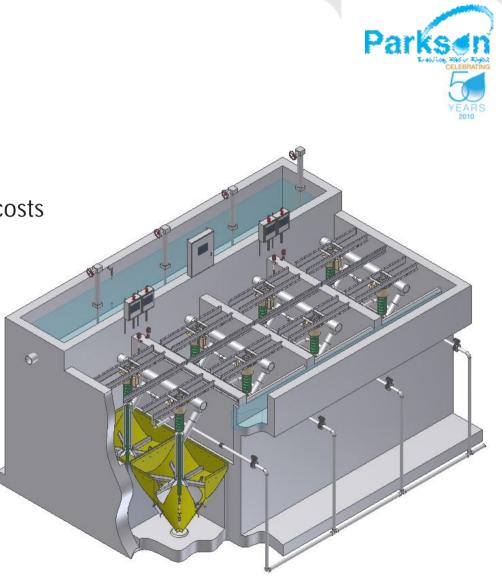
- Continuously cleaned sand bed
- No moving parts
- Low pressure drop
- High solids capacity able to handle shock loads
- Single media
- Elimination of ancillary equipment
- Even flow distribution with multiple units
- No submerged parts requiring maintenance
- Can perform routine maintenance while the unit is still filtering



## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> EcoWash<sup>™</sup>

Why has this been developed

- Reduce operation and maintenance costs
- Improve filtrate quality
- Reduce reject/ backwash rate
- Improve energy efficiency



## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> EcoWash<sup>™</sup>



How the EcoWash<sup>™</sup> works

- Discontinuous sand movement
- Sand movement verification system
- Differential pressure monitoring
- Improved air lift design
- Flexible/programmable control
- Remote monitoring capability



## Product Components Sand Movement Verification System



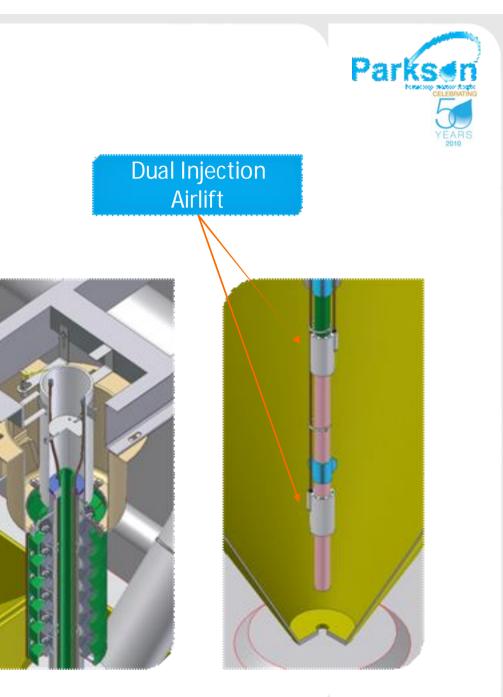
- Continuously monitors sand movement
- Provides alarm if ANY airlift stops moving sand
- Reduces operator attention
- Can be monitored from control room or integrated to SCADA



## Product Components Improved Airlift Design

- On/ off operation
- Low-point air burst
- Bottom air burst
- Programmed automatic or standard operation
- Normal air operation when operating





## Product Components Reject Water Reduction Control Valve



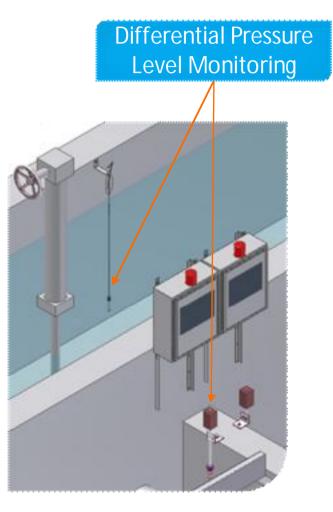
- Automated pneumatic reject valve
- Programmed to operate based on sand movement sensing
- Fail safe to normal operation



## Product Components Differential Pressure Monitoring

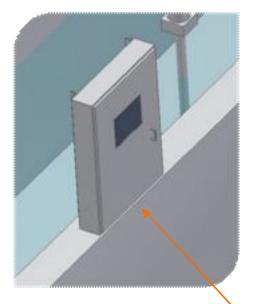


- Continuous monitoring of differential pressure in filter cells
- Option to operate filters based on differential pressure
- Provides signal for programmed time control backwash with headloss override



## Product Components Flexible/Programmable Control





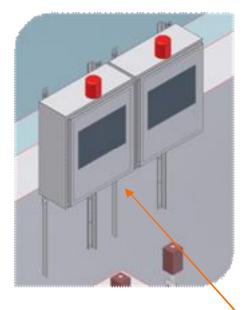
- PLC based electrical control panel
- Touch screen HMI
- Ethernet Communication with plant SCADA system
- Ethernet TCP/IP to communicate with other plant PLCs over network
- HMI with data logger and remote monitoring capability

Central control panel



## Product Components Flexible/Programmable Control

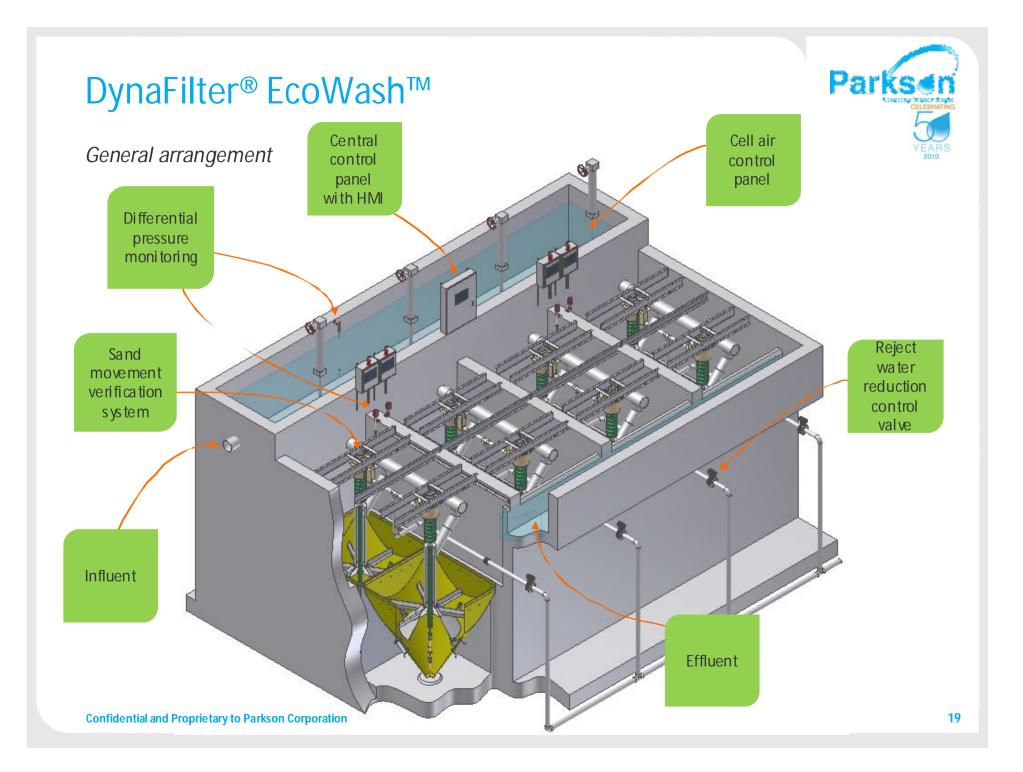


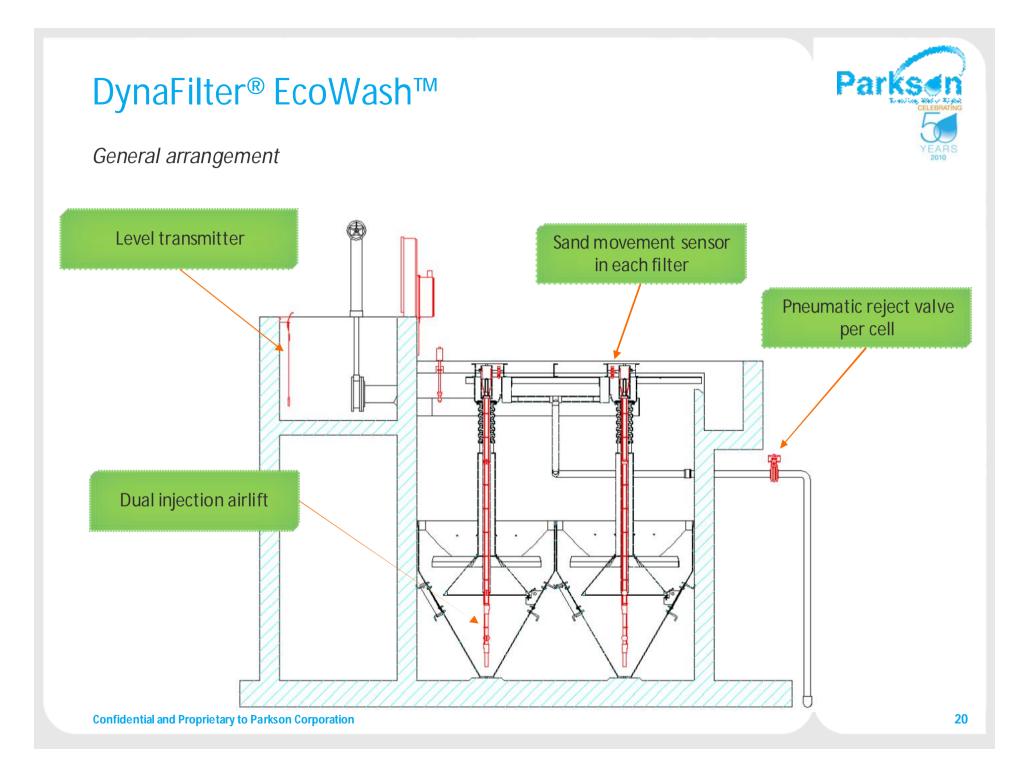


- Solenoids to control dual airbust, and normal airlift operation
- Solenoid to control reject valve
- Air pressure regulator and pressure gauge
- Back pressure gauge, and airflow meter
- No sand movement visual alarm or remote monitoring ability

Cell Air Control Panel







## EcoWash<sup>™</sup> Operation Flexible/Programmable Control

#### Operation

#### **Normal Operation**

- Airlift is operating
- Sand sensor monitoring sand movement
- Reject valve is open

#### **No Sand Movement Operation**

- Air to airlift is off
- Reject valve is closed
- Sand Sensor assures no reject

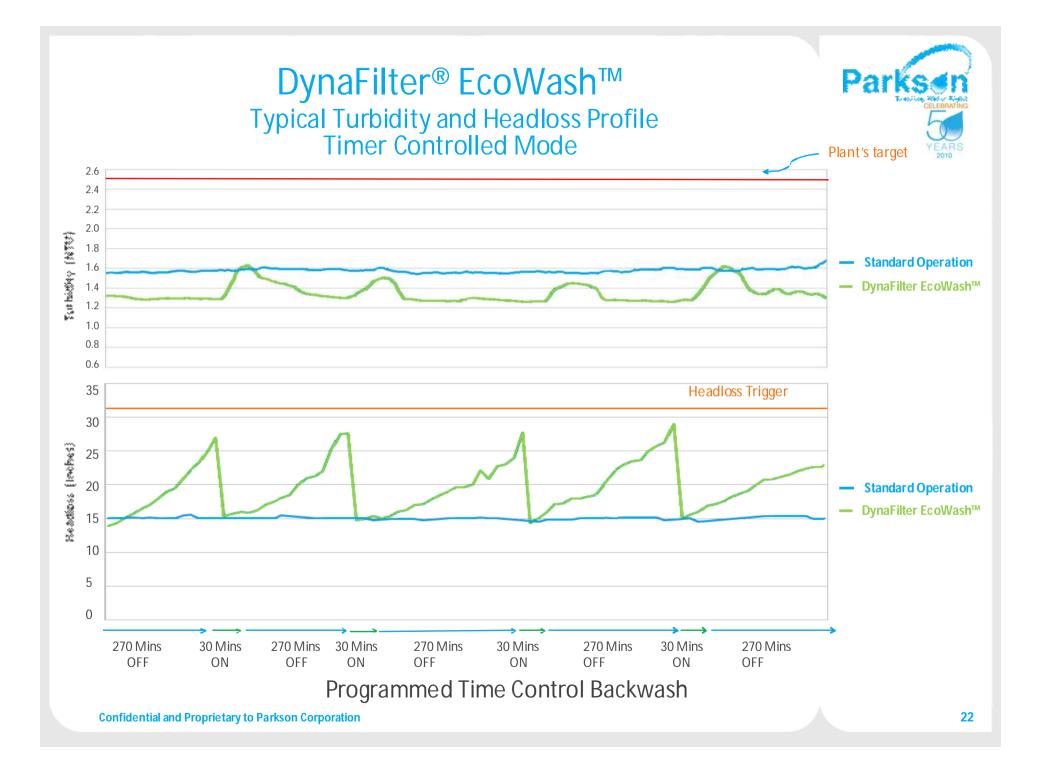
Control Strategies

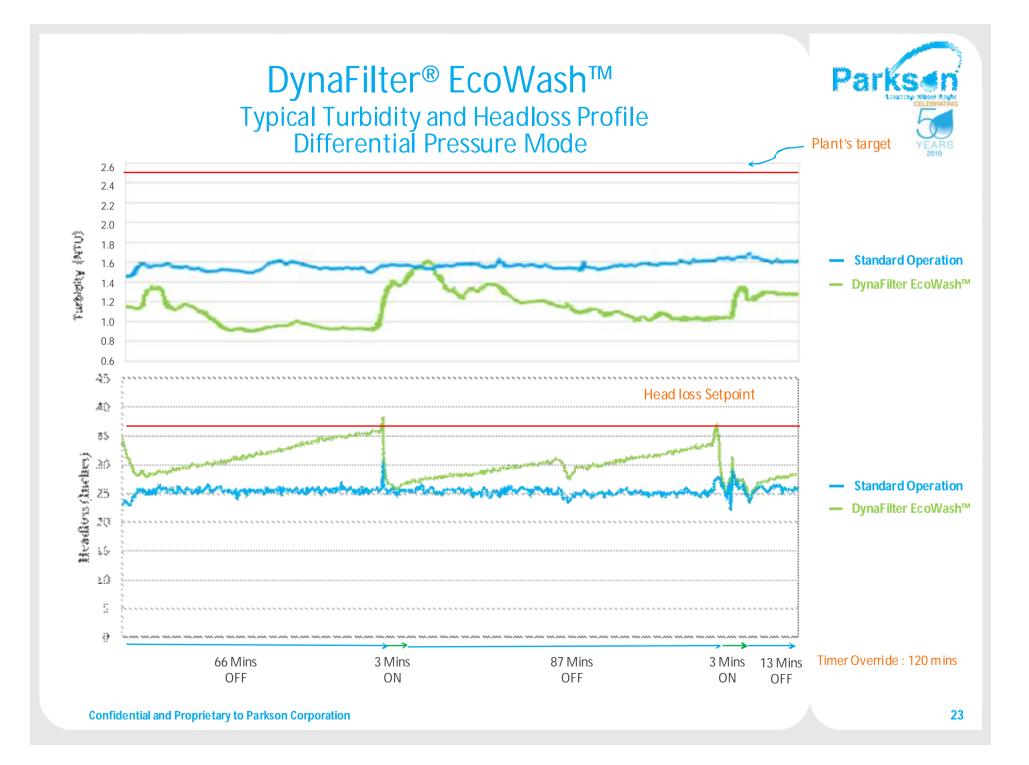
#### **Differential Pressure Controlled**

- Inlet/outlet levels measured
- Airlift/reject starts at programmed point
- Operates until differential is reduced to minimum point
- Timer override to assure periodic sand washing

#### **Timer Controlled**

- Timer initiates sand washing
- Differential pressure overrides timer
- Operator programs timer





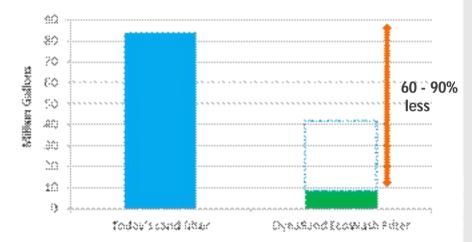
### DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> EcoWash<sup>™</sup> Benefits



#### **Customer Benefits**

- Reduces reject production 60-90%
- Reduces energy requirement 60-90%
- Better performance Increases filtrate quality
- Increases airlift life
- Reduces maintenance on air compressor system
- Reduces pretreatment chemical usage
- Minimal maintenance & operator attention

#### Annual reject water production



16 Filters (50 sqft) - 5.76 MGD facility, typical reject 10 gpm/filter.

# Parksen

## **Annual Cost Savings**

#### Operation:

- 5.76 MGD Plant (22,000 m3/day)
- 24 hours per day in operation

Annual savings for (16), 50 sqft module plant operating 24 hours a day		
Size	800 Ft2 (74.3 m2)	
Loading rate	3.5 gpm/Ft2	
Total Flow, gallons	1472 million	
Reject flow actual gallons	84 million*	
90% reject savings flow, gallons	75.6 million	
Reprocessing savings @ \$2.77/1000 gallons	\$209,512	
Additional revenue from Increased filtrate sales at \$1.69/1000 gallons	\$127,764	
Total Value/year	\$337,276	

\*10 gpm/filter

## Annual Air Compressor Cost Savings



#### Operation:

- 5.76 MGD Plant (22,000 m3/day)
- 24 hours per day in operation

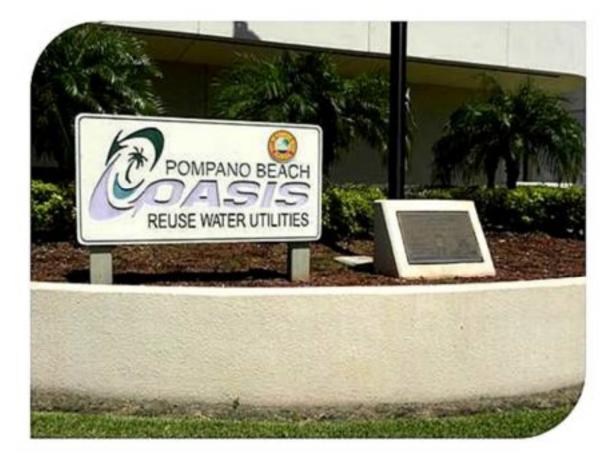
	DynaFilter® EcoWash™ Cell	Standard Operation Cell
Flow Rate	3.5 GPM/sqft	3.5 GPM/sqft
Air Flow/Pressure	80 SCFH @ 8 PSI	80 SCFH @ 8 PSI
Average Reject Flow	1.8 gpm/50 sqft filter	18.0 gpm/50 sqft filter
Annual Power Consumption	13,140 kW·h *	131,400 kW·h *
Annual Power Consumption Cost	\$985 **	\$9,850 **

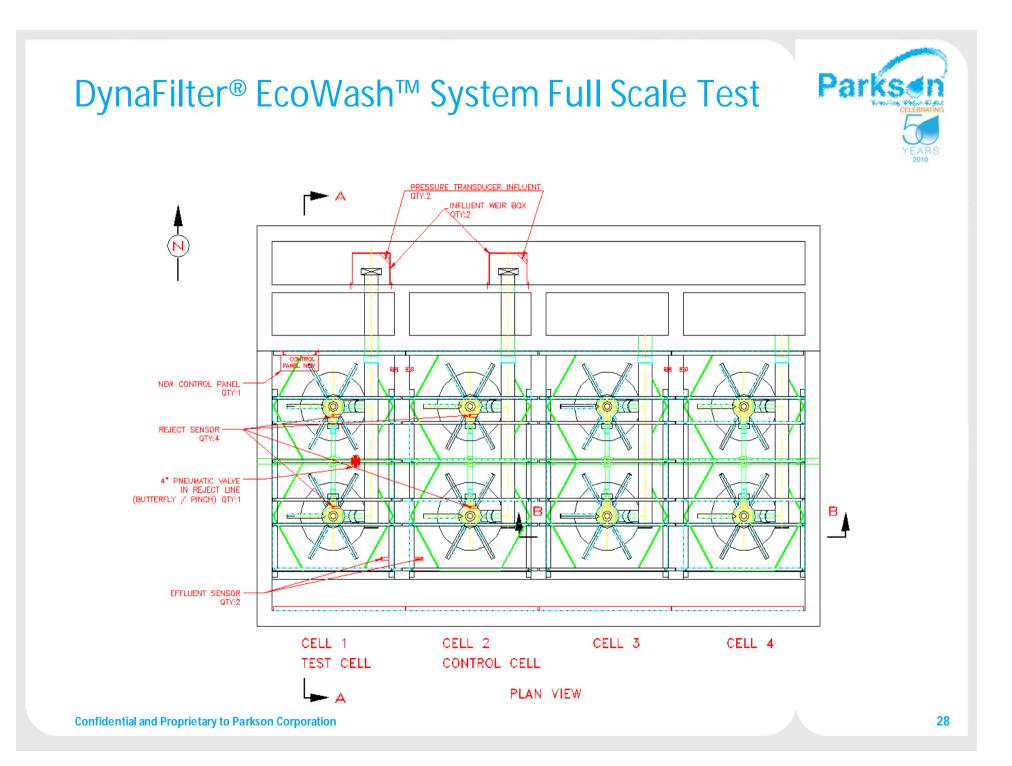
\* Based on typical 16 module plant with 20 HP Air Compressor operating 24 hours per day

\*\*Average Florida Industry Cost - \$.075 per kW·h

## Case Study City of Pompano Beach, FL *(Full Scale Test Site)*

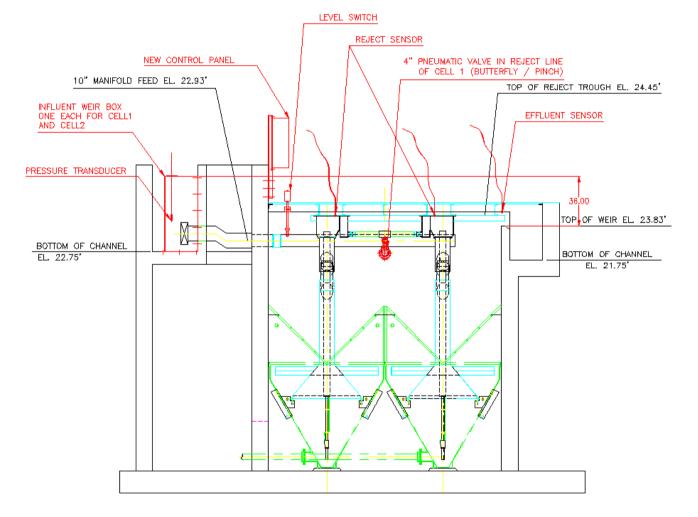




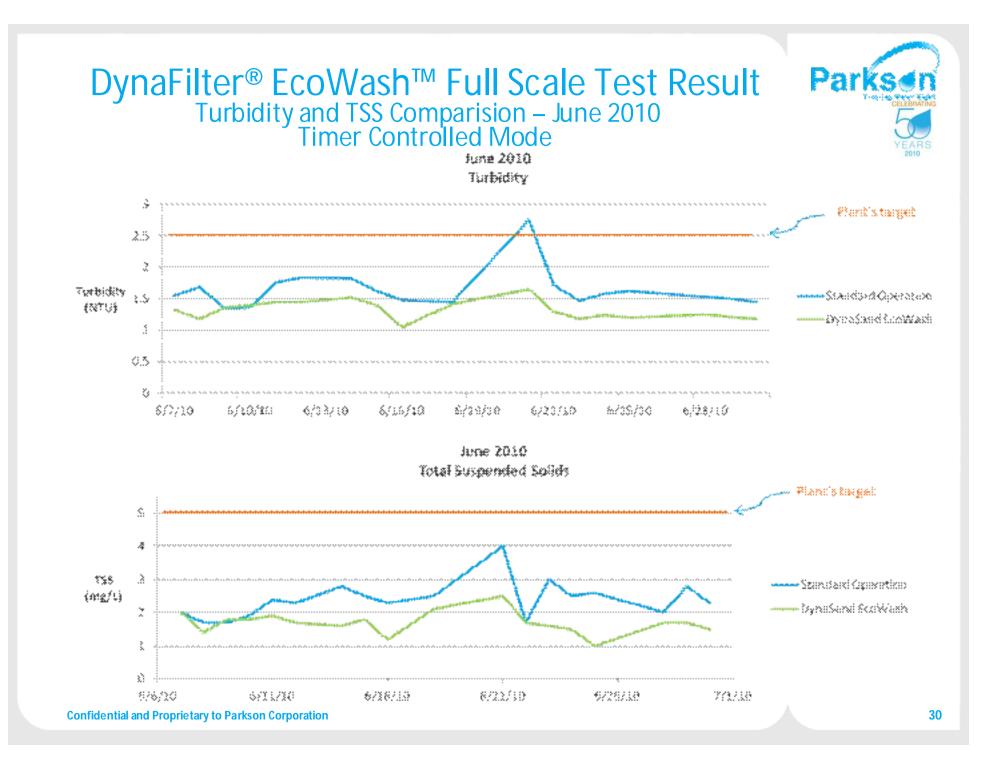


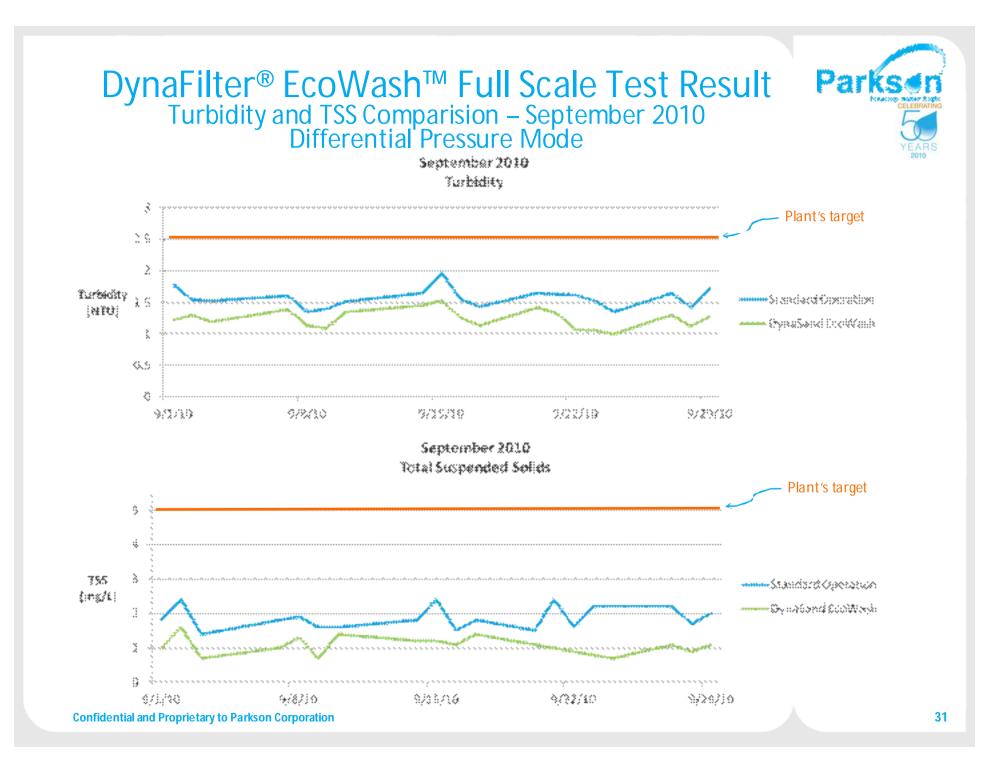
## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> EcoWash<sup>™</sup> System Full Scale Test





SECTION A-A

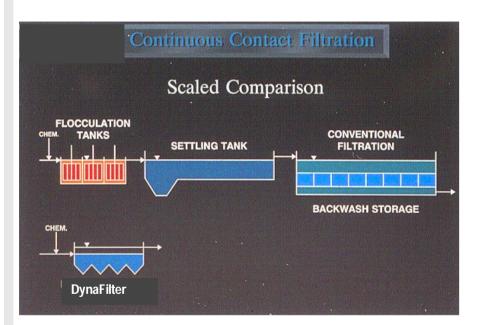




## Other DynaFilter EcoWash Applications

Parksen

Continous Contact Filtration



- Contact Filtration
  - Process where a coagulant and/or a flocculant is added ahead of the filter to improve filtrate quality.
  - Deep Bed design gives enough contact time to eliminate the need for flocculators.
- Applications:
  - Algae Removal
  - Surface water (industrial mostly)
  - Iron and Manganese Removal
  - Product Recovery (industrial only)
  - RO pretreatment
  - Phosphorus Removal
  - Denitrification

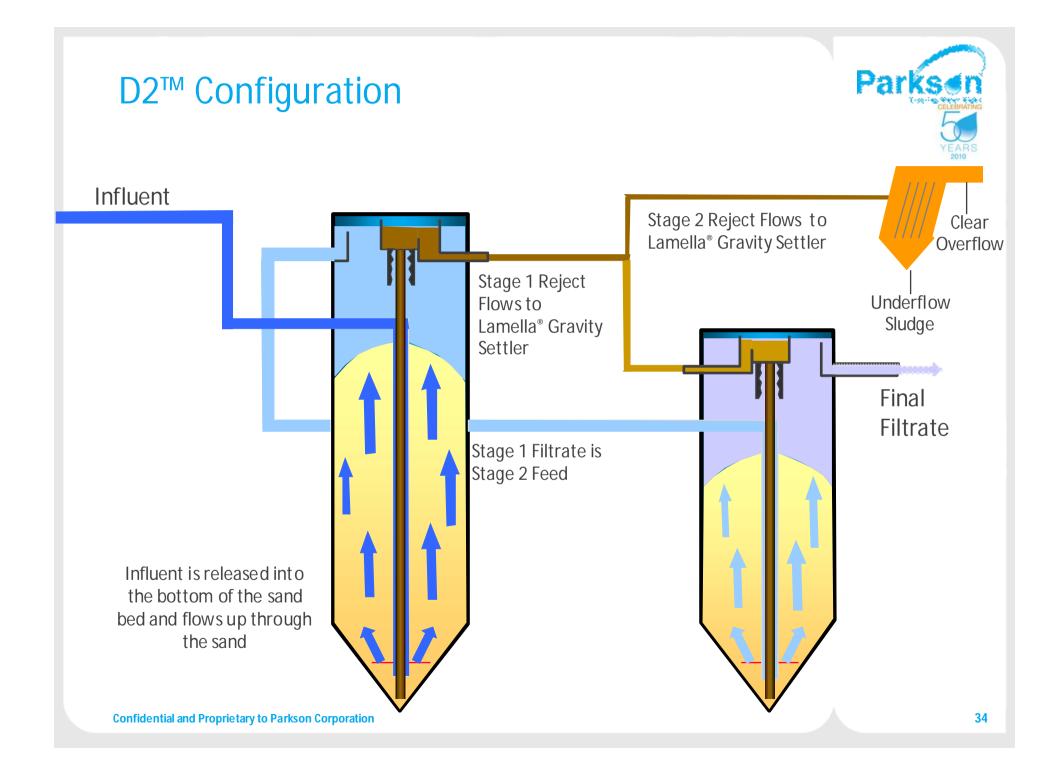
## **Enhanced Nutrient Reduction (ENR)**



Phosphorus and Nitrogen Removal in one step



- Major initiative in the US (i.e.Chesapeake Bay Watershed)
  - Requires 3 mg/L TN, 0.3 mg/L TP
    - TN = Total Nitrogen
    - TP = Total Phosphorus
- Other states & provinces (ON) have phosphorus requirements under 0.1 mg/L – 0.3 mg/L
- Parkson has a 20 year history with this application



## Typical D2 Wastewater Filtrate Quality



Example: Stamford WWTP, NY

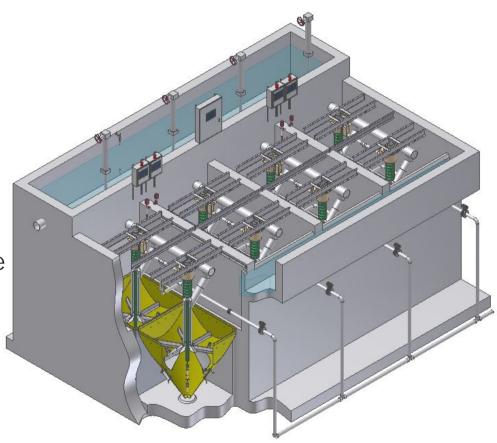


- 0.05 0.10 NTU
- 0.015 0.050 Total P
- < 1 mg/L Total N</p>
- BOD < 3
- 7 log Removal of Crypto and Giardia

## DynaFilter<sup>®</sup> EcoWash<sup>™</sup> System Summary

Parksen

- Improves filtrate quality
- Reduces reject production 60-90%
- Reduces energy requirement 60-90%
- Increases airlift life
- Reduces maintenance on air compressor system
- Reduces pretreatment chemical usage
- Minimal maintenance & operator attention



## Thank You



## Thank You

Questions?

**Confidential and Proprietary to Parkson Corporation**